

Core excitations processes of C1(s) in C₂ and C₂H₂ molecules by electron impact.

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Abstract

Distorted-wave approximation (DWA) is applied to study excitation of core-level electron in C₂ molecules by electron impact. More specifically, we report calculated differential (DCS) and integral (ICS) cross sections for the $X^1\Sigma_g^+ \rightarrow^{1,3} \Pi_u(1s\sigma_u \rightarrow 1p\pi_g)$ and $X^1\Sigma_g^+ \rightarrow^{1,3} \Pi_g(1s\sigma_g \rightarrow 1p\pi_g)$ transitions in the C₂ molecule and comparison is made with $X^1\Sigma_g^+ \rightarrow^{1,3} \Pi_g(1s\sigma_u \rightarrow 1p\pi_u)$ and $X^1\Sigma_g^+ \rightarrow^{1,3} \Pi_u(1s\sigma_g \rightarrow 1p\pi_u)$ transitions in the C₂H₂ molecule in the 300 - 800 eV incident energy range. The ratios, named RI(3:1), calculated by dividing the distorted-wave integral cross sections(ICS), for transitions leading to the triplet and the singlet core-excited states as a function of incident energy are also reported. The present study shows the RI(3:1) behavior for the C 1s $\rightarrow \pi^$ transition in each species here studied. The generalized oscillator strength(GOS) profiles for discrete C 1s excited states of C₂ and C₂H₂ have also been calculated, and are compared with the available data reported in the literature. Quantitative agreement between the present theory and experiments is also satisfactory.*